

Class - VII

History Question Bank

Ch-1: Medieval Europe - Rise and Spread of Christianity

1. Fill in the blanks:-

1. **Good Friday** is the day on which Jesus was crucified.
2. Constantine I and Licinius legalized Christianity across the whole Roman by issuing **Edict of Milan**.
3. **Sabbath** was the custom of observing Sunday as a Christian holy day.
4. **Osman I** was the first ruler of the Ottoman polity.
5. The **Crusades** were religious wars between Muslims and Christians.

2. Choose the correct alternatives ;-

1. Consider the statements given below and choose the correct answer.

Statement I: The Old Testament tells the history of the Jews.

Statement II: The New Testament contains the life of Christ.

- (a) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
- (b) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct
- (c) Both statements I and II correct
- (d) Both statements I and II are incorrect

Ans- (c)

2. Read the two statements given below and select the option that shows the correct relationship between (A) and (R)

Assertion (A): Jesus was arrested and crucified.

Reason (R): He fearlessly criticized all harmful activities and evils.

- (a) (R) contradicts (A)
- (b) (R) is the reason for (A)
- (c) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (d) (A) and (R) are independent of each other.

Ans-(b)

3. Answer the following questions:-

1. State the role of Emperor Constantine in spreading Christianity.

Ans - Role of Emperor Constantine in spreading Christianity — —

- (a) He issued the Edict of Toleration, ending persecution of Christians.
- (b) He issued the Edict of Milan, legalising Christianity across the whole Roman Empire.
- (c) He introduced laws supporting Christian moral teachings.
- (d) He started the custom of observing Sunday as a Christian holy day (Sabbath).

2. state any two significances of monasteries.

Ans- (a) The art of stained glass painting, wood cutting and mural painting flourished in the monasteries.

- (b) They founded schools and provided incentives to scholars
- (c) They provided shelter to travellers and protection to widows and orphans.
- (d) They built hospitals and provided help to the needy and poor.

Ch-2: Rise and Spread of Islam

I Fill in the blanks:

1. The year of Emigration of Mohammad from Mecca to Medina is known as Hijra.
2. The pilgrimage of Muslims from to Mecca is called Haj.
3. The Umayyads were overthrown by Abbasids.
4. The Abbasids made Baghdad as their capital.
5. The most famous Caliph was Harun-al-Rashid.

II Choose the correct alternatives:-

1. Which among the following statements is incorrect?
 - (a) Shahada means the confession of faith
 - (b) Siyam means fasting during Ramadan.
 - (c) Salat means alms giving
 - (d) Haj means travelling to Mecca.

Ans-(c)

2. Identify the facts about the Abbasids.

P: The art of calligraphy flourished during this period.

Q: Their Capital was Baghdad.

R: They set up a 'House of Wisdom'.

S: New architectural features like dome and minaret were introduced.

(a) P and Q

(b) Q and R

(c) R and S

(d) P and S

Ans- (b)

III. Answer the following questions:-

1. Name the first four Caliphs who succeeded Mohammed.

Ans - Abu Bakr, Umar, Uthman and Ali

2. What is Hijri?

Ans - Hijri is the Muslim Islamic lunar Calendar consisting of 354 days, 12 months of 29 or 30 days.