

QUESTION BANK Class 6 HISTORY

The River Valley Mesopotamian Civilization (Chapter-1)

1. Tick the Correct Answer

i. The Mesopotamian Civilization developed between the rivers

- a) Ganga and Yamuna
- b) Tigris and Euphrates
- c) Nile and Amazon
- d) Indus and Saraswati

ii. The word “Mesopotamia” means

- a) Land of mountains
- b) Land between rivers
- c) Land of deserts
- d) Land of forests

iii. The people of Mesopotamia mainly depended on

- a) Hunting
- b) Fishing

c) Agriculture

d) Mining

iv. Which writing system was used by the Mesopotamians?

a) Hieroglyphics

b) Brahmi

c) Cuneiform

d) Sanskrit

v. The famous law code of Mesopotamia was prepared by

a) Ashoka

b) Hammurabi

c) Akbar

d) Julius Caesar

Answers ---

i .b) Tigris and Euphrates

ii.b) Land between rivers

iii.c) Agriculture

iv.c) Cuneiform

v.b) Hammurabi

2. Fill in the Blanks

- i. The Mesopotamian Civilization grew in the valley of the **Tigris** and **Euphrates** rivers.
- ii. The people of Mesopotamia wrote on **clay** tablets.
- iii. **Ur** was one of the important cities of Mesopotamia.
- iv. The Mesopotamians built huge temples called **Ziggurats**.
- v. **King Hammurabi** is famous for his code of laws.

3. True or False

- i. Mesopotamia is known as the “Cradle of Civilization.” **True**
- ii. The Mesopotamians used paper for writing. **False**
- iii. Agriculture flourished because of fertile river valleys. **True**
- iv. Cuneiform was a type of dance in Mesopotamia. **False**
- v. The Mesopotamian people traded with other regions. **True**

4. Answer the Questions

a. Where was the Mesopotamian Civilization located?

Ans. It was located in the fertile region between the Tigris and Euphrates Rivers in present-day Iraq.

b. Why were the river valleys important for the growth of civilization?

Ans. The rivers provided water, fertile soil, and transportation, helping agriculture and settlements to flourish.

c. What is cuneiform writing?

Ans. Cuneiform was the wedge-shaped writing system used by the Mesopotamians on clay tablets.

d. Who was Hammurabi?

Ans. Hammurabi was the king of Babylon who created a famous code of laws.

e. Name any two achievements of the Mesopotamians.

Ans. Development of cuneiform writing.

Creation of the Code of Hammurabi.

5. **Assertion–Reason Questions**

i. Assertion (A): Mesopotamian Civilization developed near rivers.

Reason (R): Rivers provided fertile soil and water for farming.

ii. Assertion (A): The Mesopotamians became successful traders.

Reason (R): They had developed transport and trade routes.

iii. Assertion (A): Cuneiform was important in Mesopotamia.

Reason (R): It helped people maintain records and communication.

iv. Assertion (A): Hammurabi is remembered in history.

Reason (R): He introduced a well-known code of laws.

v. Assertion (A): Temples played an important role in Mesopotamian society.

Reason (R): Religious activities were an important part of their lives.

Answers

- i. A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.

- ii. A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.

- iii. A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.

- iv. A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.

- v. A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.

6. Match the following

A	B
1. Sumerians	a. Wedge-shaped writing system
2. Cuneiform	b. Fertile land between two rivers
3. Ziggurat	c. Earliest settlers of

	Mesopotamia
4. Tigris River	d. Stepped temple tower
5. Euphrates River	e. Important River of Mesopotamia
6. Hammurabi	f. Famous code of laws
7. Babylon	g. Major city of Mesopotamia
8. Mesopotamia	h. Means "land between rivers "
9. Code of Hammurabi	i. Collection of 282 laws
10.Agriculture	j. Main occupation of the people

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1-c, 2-a, 3-d, 4-e, 5-b, 6-f, 7-g, 8-h, 9-i, 10-j.

The River Valley Egyptian Civilization (Chapter-2)

1. Tick the Correct Answer

i. The Egyptian civilization developed on the banks of the:

- a) Tigris River
- b) Nile River
- c) Indus River
- d) Euphrates River

ii. The rulers of ancient Egypt were called:

- a) Kings
- b) Emperors
- c) Pharaohs
- d) Chiefs

iii. The writing system of ancient Egyptians was known as:

- a) Cuneiform
- b) Sanskrit
- c) Hieroglyphics
- d) Latin

iv. Which structure is famous in Egypt?

a) Great Wall

b) Colosseum

c) Pyramid

d) Taj Mahal

v. The Egyptians worshipped mainly:

a) One God

b) Nature and many gods

c) No gods

d) Only animals

Answers

i. b) Nile River

ii. c) Pharaohs

iii. c) Hieroglyphics

iv. c) Pyramid

v. b) Nature and many gods

2. Fill in the Blanks

i. The Egyptian civilization grew near the **Nile River**.

ii. The kings of Egypt were known as **Pharaohs**.

iii. Egyptians wrote on a material called **Papyrus**.

iv. The huge tombs built for Pharaohs are called **Pyramids**.

v. **Agriculture** was the chief occupation of the Egyptians.

3. True or False

i. The Nile River helped Egyptian agriculture. **_ True**

ii. Egyptians used hieroglyphics for writing. **True**

iii. The pyramids were built as schools. **-False**

iv. Ancient Egyptians believed in life after death. **-True**

v. Egypt is called the "Gift of the Nile." **-True**

4. Answer the Questions

i. Why was the Nile River important to Egyptian civilization?

Ans. The Nile provided water, fertile soil, and transportation, helping agriculture and trade.

ii. Who were the Pharaohs?

Ans. Pharaohs were the rulers and kings of ancient Egypt.

iii. What are pyramids, and why were they built?

Ans. Pyramids are huge stone tombs built to bury Pharaohs and protect their belongings after death.

iv. What is hieroglyphics?

Ans. Hieroglyphics was the picture-based writing system used by ancient Egyptians.

v. Mention any two achievements of the Egyptian civilization.

Ans. Two achievements of the Egyptian civilization are:

a. Construction of pyramids.

b. Development of hieroglyphic writing.

5. Assertion–Reason Type Questions

i. Assertion (A): Egypt is called the “Gift of the Nile.”

Reason (R): The Nile River provided water and fertile soil for farming.

ii. Assertion (A): Egyptians preserved dead bodies as mummies.

Reason (R): They believed in life after death.

iii. Assertion (A): The pyramids are important monuments of Egypt.

Reason (R): They were built as tombs for Pharaohs.

iv. Assertion (A): Hieroglyphics was the writing system of Egypt.

Reason (R): Egyptians wrote using pictures and symbols.

v. Assertion (A): Agriculture was the main occupation in Egypt.

Reason (R): The fertile land near the Nile supported farming.

Answers

- i. A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- ii. A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- iii. A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- iv. A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- v. A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.

6.Match the following

A	B
1. Nile River	a. Writing system of ancient Egyptians
2. Pharaoh	b. Preserved dead body
3. Hieroglyphics	c. Largest Pyramid at Giza
4. Mummy	d. Main River of Egypt
5. Pyramid	e. Ruler of ancient Egypt
6. Papyrus	f. Tomb of Egyptian kings
7. Great Pyramid of Giza	g. Material used for making paper
8. Sphinx	h. Statue with a lion's body and a human head
9. Tutankhamun	i. Famous young Egyptian king

10.Egypt	j. Gift of the Nile
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Answer key

1-d 2-e, 3-a 4-b 5-f 6-g 7-c 8-h 9-i 10-j